

GREEN AUDIT REPORT 2020-21 OF

AMRUTVAHINI COLLEGE OF ENGINNERING

Near Pune Nashik Highway, Ahmadnagar, Sangamner, Maharashtra 422608

PREPARED BY

DR. B. E. KUSHARE AND ASSOCIATES PROF. DR. B. E. KUSHARE

POWER QUALITY & ELECTRICAL CONSULTANT, CERTIFIED ENERGY AUDITOR, CHARTERED ELECTRICAL ENGINEER (IEE UK) FLAT NO.G1 AND G2, SHREE B.D.WAGH CO.OPP.HOUSING SOCIETY, SWAMI NARAYAN NAGAR, OPP.APPOLO HOSPITAL, PANCHAVATI, NASHIK 422003

January-2021





A Mission made programme can be created for energy conservation. We have to set yearly target of saving twenty five billion units per year from the present 3.2 billion units, so that we can wipe out the existing shortage within the next four years"

Dr APJ Abdul Kalam Ex. Hon. President of India Address at National Energy Awards Function, Dec.15, 2005



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Power quality, Harmonic audit, Resonance Test Electrical Consultancy cell of DR. B.E. Kushare and Associates, Nashik, places sincere gratitude to all management, CEO, Principal and HODs for providing necessary support and data during campus green Audit

Our sincere thanks to Maintenance In charge, all Electrician of Maintenance cell, for excellent co-ordination during field measurements and providing accurate data required the said work and preparation of green Audit report.

(DR.) B. E. KUSHARE Certified Energy Auditor Power Quality Consultant



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Green audit of institute campus was carried out . Various observations and recommendations are summarised as below :

Summary of observations:

Institution has initiated and adapted all major green initiatives summarized below:

- Rain water harvesting, water management, conservation, recycle and reuse
- > Soil conservation '
- ➤ Plantation of adequate number of trees , landscape and lawn area .
- Maximum utilisation of day light and natural ventilation in indoor places
- > Waste collection, recycle and reuse.
- > Energy conservation initiatives
- > E waste management.
- Energy substitution by use of solar water heaters in place of Electrical heaters
- > Fuel substitution by use of biogas to substitute LPG
- > Ground water campus distribution by gravity
- ➤ Installation of 400KWp grid interactive SPV system and 5KW wind generator which is meeting more than 50% of Electricity consumption of institute facilities .
- ➤ Reuse of students submission single side papers for administrative use
- ➤ RO system for providing portable drinking water



Proactive Energy efficiency and green initiatives resulted into recipient of following state level awards

Awards received for Energy Conservation Initiatives:

12th state level MEDA Award in Educational Institute Category

Energy efficient unit award of CII during this year

Recommendations:

Reduce water use by low volume , low pressure taps , auto flush system for urinals , Low volume flush tanks .

Installation of water level controllers on overhead tanks to auto switch of UG tank pumps Installation of heat pump in ladies Hostel as a back up water heating in place of Electric Geyser. Providing sun film to window glasses to reduce heat gain .

Recommended Energy conservation measures as per Energy Audit Report to improve Energy efficiency and reduce energy intensity .



1.00:Introduction:

Global warming which is resulting into increase in earth temperature is one of the concern to mankind .Various international bodies are working to reduce impact of human activities on Environment .Energy , environment and ecology are interlinked and important aspects. For sustainable developments it is necessary to provide greater emphasis on Energy efficiency , reduce , recycle and reuse in additional to harness renewable energy to meet Energy demand .Carbon foot print reduction of every organisation is important to reduce environmental changes , fast depletion of resources .Active participation of every individual and organisation is necessary towards sustainability .Green Audit is one of the important tool to reduce energy intensity as energy needs of institutions are increasing day by day .

Green Audit is a process of systematic identification, quantification, recording, reporting and analysis of components of environmental diversity of various establishments. It aims to analyse environmental practices within and outside of the concerned sites, which will have an impact on the eco-friendly ambience. Green audit can be a useful tool for a Institutions to determine how and where they are using the most energy or water or resources, identification of wastages, high energy loss areas , opportunities for reuse /recycle , use of natural resources , fuel and energy substitutions . After detailed green audit areas of improvement are identified implement changes and make savings. It can also be used to determine the type and volume of waste, which can be used for a recycling project or to improve waste minimization plan. It can create health consciousness and promote environmental awareness, values and ethics. It provides staff and students better understanding of Green impact on campus. If self enquiry is a natural and necessary outgrowth of a quality education, it could also be stated that institutional self enquiry is a natural and necessary outgrowth of a quality educational institution. Thus it is imperative that the college evaluate its own contributions toward a sustainable future. As environmental sustainability is becoming an increasingly important issue for the nation, the role of higher educational institutions in relation to environmental sustainability is more prevalent.

1.1:OBJECTIVES:

The Green Audit of an institution is becoming a paramount important these days for self-assessment of the institution, which reflects the role of the institution in mitigating the present environmental problems. Basic Aim of green audit is to study energy consumption pattern, % Energy from fossil fuel, waste generation, water and air quality, extent to which energy and fuel substitution is done, initiatives towards water and energy, soil conservation and harnessing of renewable energy to reduce overall foot print of institution. Implementation of mentioned initiatives in institution will have greater impact on students in terms of sustainable development. Therefore, the purpose of the present green audit is to identify, quantify, describe and prioritize framework of Environment, Energy and water Sustainability in compliance with the applicable regulations, policies and standards. The main objectives of carrying out Green Audit are:

EBEK

- 1. To identify areas where there are Energy wastages and high energy losses
- 2. To identify opportunities for Energy and Fuel substitution
- 3. To identify opportunities to reduce, reuse /recycle wastage generation
- 4. To identify opportunities for rain water harvesting
- 5. The document the quality of recycled waste water for gardening and other purpose
- 6. To document the solid Waste disposal system within campus
- 7. To document the ambient environmental condition of air, water and noise in the campus.
- 8. Providing a database for corrective actions and future plans.
- 9. To assess whether extracurricular activities of the Institution support the collection, recovery, reuse and recycling of solid wastes.
- 10. To identify the gap areas and suggest recommendations to improve the Green Campus status of the institution

1.2:METHODOLOGY:

The purpose of the green audit of is to ensure that the practices followed in the campus are in accordance with the Green Policy adopted at the institution. The methodology include the preparation physical inspection of the campus, observation and review of the documentation green audit parameters at intervals, interviewing key persons and data analysis, measurements and recommendations.

Site Visit:

Name of Institution: Amrutvahini College of Enginnering, Sangamner

Address: Amrut Nagar, Near Pune Nashik High Way, Sangamner, Dist: Ahmednagar

Number of students: 3453

Number of staff: A)Teaching: 193 B)Non teaching: 178

Areas of campus: 15.06 acres

Total Construction area: Carpet area: 42858.2 square meter

Date of Visit: 04.01.2021, 05.01.2021

Building Visited:

- Engineering college main building
- ➤ Mechanical and Production Block
- ➤ Hostels
- ➤ Play ground and other recreational Areas

Green Audit Team Members:



A)DRBEKA Team Members

- ➤ DR B E KUSHARE : Certified Energy Auditor
- Mr Mangesh Vikhrankar
- Mr Bhoskar Vithal

B) Institute Team Members:

HOD Electrical, HOD Mechanical, HOD Civil, HOD computer and representative staff members

1.3: Activities carried out during green Audit :

- Meeting with Principal and HODs
- Meeting with staff representatives of various green initiative committees, Electrical, water, gardening and related departments
- Review of documents and related data collection
- > Joint site visit for data collection and review of various green initiatives implemented by institutions and areas for further improvements

1.4: Focus Areas of green Audit and green audit scope, input parameters considered:

- > Water resources, its management and conservation, waste generation, recycle and reuse .Rain water harvesting
- > Soil conservation.
- > Energy conservation.
- Renewable Energy use
- > Fuel and Energy substitution
- ➤ Use of sun light for illumination of indoor spaces
- Extent to which natural ventilation is provided
- > Quality of water, air and noise levels
- Awareness among various stakes holders within campus
- ➤ Landscape and Green Cover

1.5: Water resources, management, conservation, recycle and reuse Initiatives:

Water Supply scheme:
Water is lifted from kasar wadi pumping house and stored in storage reservoir near Amrut kuti Total storage capacity of reservoir: 8528KL PVC Sheet is laid on storage reservoir ground to reduce percolation losses



Fig 1.00: 8528 KL Water reservoir

Water distribution within Engineering campus:

Water distribution at various UG tank from reservoir is through gravity

Daily Water supply to Engineering college premises:130KL

Daily water supply to Engineering Colleges Boys and Girls Hostels: 330KL

Number of wells: 2 Numbers

Drinking Water treatment System:

R O systems are installed at following locations

1)Main building: 250 LPH 2)Civil Building: 250LPH Hostels: 4X250 LPH

Quality of drinking water checked periodically .Water in all taps is portable water .

Water Management Systems:

Adapted Methods:

- ➤ Water Efficient Landscaping
- > Drip irrigation and sprinkler system implemented for garden and lawn areas .No flooding of water is done to water plants , lawns .
- > Rain water harvesting
- Water use reduction by provision of float valves, water metering and accounting system



Drip Irrigation System for Plant and garden



Sprinkler System for lawn

Rain Water Harvesting initiatives:

Rain water is harvested from terrace, floors and use for watering of gardens. Surface run off from various surfaces are collected, filtered and reused for gardening and other purpose. Overflow from tank is collected and transferred to rain water collection point

Adapted rain water harvesting measures:

- ➤ Rain water collection and storage
- Ground water recharging

Rain water harvesting is implemented in Sajangad , Sinhagad Hostel .Total 25 Units are installed .Harvested Rain water is collected in UG tank and used for ground water recharging

Total number of staff and students = 3824

Annual water consumption = 45x3824x317 = 54549360 Litres per annum

Total rain fall catchment area of building:

Terrace = 9938.71 Square meter

Annual average rainfall = 0.41m

Water harvesting potential = Rainfall (mm) x Collection Efficiency

Total rain water collection = 0.41x9938.71 = 4074.87 Meter cube = 4074870 Litres /year

Capacities of water tanks:

Total tank capacities = 339567.00 Litres

Most of water used in campus is from water collected from rain and river .Water in all taps in campus are portable





Rain Water Harvesting System

Water accounting system:

Water supplied from main reservoir is measured and accounted section wise

Strom Water Design:

Paving systems are provided to reduce storm water runoff by allowing precipitation to infiltrate to underground through voids in paving

Sewage Treatment plant:

Environmental policy is displayed at sewage treatment plant .Campus sewage is collected and treated in 0.4MLD sewage treatment plant .Treated sewage water and sludge is used for watering of farm and as fertilizer. Total campus generated sewage is treated and reused .





1.6:Recommendations

Install low-flow faucets.

➤ Install low-volume toilets flush which saves 6 to 7 galleon per flush

> Install sensors in urinal for auto flushing.

- > Recommended initiatives will help to reduce water demand, amount of Energy required for pumping water from source as well as STP energy consumption.
- ➤ Install water level controllers at Hostel overhead tanks to auto switch OFF water pumps to avoid water wastage.



1.7:Solid waste generation and recycling its reuse:

In institute campus both bio degradable and non degradable waste are segregated Building population = 3824

Solid waste generation = 0.042 Cubic meters x3824 = 160608 Cubic meter .0.4 MLD sewage treatment plant is used to treat campus sewage and is reused for farming, gardening. Composting is also available at site. All organic waste is converted into compost. The total plot area is 52609.31 square meter .60% of total plot area is landscaped. Organic waste generated is collected, composted and manure created by this waste is used in landscape areas.

In campus other waste generation comprises of kitchen waste in hostel canteens. Kitchen generated waste is used in biogas and biogas is used as a fuel for cooking food. Bio fertilizer is used for gardening

.





Bio gas Plant at Ladies Hostel Campus



Vermi Compost:

Campus plant leaves are collected and vermi compost is used for farm /gardening

1.8:E wastage Management:

E waste generation take place due to Electronic and computers equipments are beyond repair. Computers are repaired and lower version computers are donated to schools



Display modules of various Electronic systems are prepared for enhancing teaching learning process .There is E waste management policy at departments to reduce E waste generation and utilisation .

1.9:Soil conservation initiatives:

Adequate measures are taken for effective sedimentation and soil erosion control by vegetation, planting trees, lawns. Planted trees helps to provide shading in summer and allows heat gain during winter. Adequate plantation, vegetation in campus helps to control erosion, sedimentation, dust and pollution control. Drip and sprinkler irrigation systems are used for watering plants, garden and lawns which also helps in water management and soil conservation.





Various adapted Methods are:

- 1) Plantation of lawns which helps in holding top soil and penetration of rain water into ground which helps to improve water table and helps to reduce soil erosion
- 2) Pavement: Hardscaping is provided reduces erosion of soil and soil conservation
- 3) Plantation of Varity of plants which helps for water and soil conservation

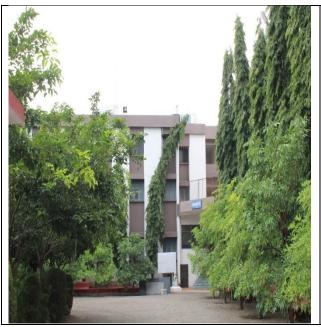
Total Number of trees Planted in Engineering Campus:

7030 Tress are planted in Engineering college campus and total number of tress planted in hostel and other areas are 12713 .











Recommendations:

Recommended to plant medicinal tress

1.10:Initiatives to reduce site Disturbances:

Adapted Measures:

- Open spaces are equal to building foot print
- Compact parking provided away from Building
- > Soil conservation by preservation of top soil
- Conservation of site vegetation
- ➤ Maximum use of day light for indoor illumination
- ➤ Water recycle, reuse
- ➤ Landscape drip and sprinkler irrigation system
- ➤ Natural ventilation
- ➤ Installation of Wind mills and 400KWp roof top grid interactive solar PV system to harness maximum renewable Energy and reduce use of energy from fossil fuels to reduce environmental degradation .
- ➤ Bio gas plant and use if same for cooking

1.11: Utilisation of day light and Natural Ventilation:

Building is designed to utilize maximum day light for indoor illumination in teaching learning and other areas. Natural Ventilation is provided .Mentioned initiatives helps to reduce impact of use of Electricity from fossil fuels and its impact on environment during day period as maximum teaching learning process are scheduled during day .







Indoor Illumination by day lighting:

| Location | Illumination Level | Average Illumination | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Cap production lab | 160, 171, 153, 127, 143, 149, 152 | 150.71 | |
| Electrical HOD Office (S27) | 173, 215, 163, 123, 101, 65, 64, 98 | 125.25 | |
| Electrical Seminar Hall | 134, 133, 121, 129, 117, 116, 128, 122, 133, 138, 125, 115 | 125.92 | |
| EMS Lab Electrical department | 118, 153, 143, 228 | 160.50 | |
| Electrical machine (Lab 1& 2) | 149, 156, 143, 131, 180, 124, 141, 145, 190, 106, 59, 74, 107 | 131.15 | |
| Software lab | 177, 1766, 171, 163, 161, 176, 172 | 398.00 | |
| Basic electrical lab | 129, 130, 167, 165, 198, 194, 102, 140, 157 | 153.56 | |
| FE Coordinator | 170, 175, 250, 299, 327, 510 | 288.50 | |
| HOD (Eng. Science) | 229, 238, 213, 216, 261, 237, 186, 211 | 223.88 | |
| T7 | | | |
| T8 | 166 155 101 212 150 206 197 | | |
| T9 | 166, 155, 191, 212, 159, 206, 187, 149, 155, 288, 450, 457 | 231.25 | |
| T10(Drawing Hall/ Seminar) | 149, 133, 288, 430, 437 | | |
| Digital HP Lab | 279, 282, 290, 239, 247, 279, 276, 301 | 274.13 | |
| Project lab | 223, 231, 245, 221, 229, 231, 358, 362,252 | 261.33 | |
| Digital Communication lab | 278, 274, 281, 273, 261 | 273.40 | |
| Faculty room (S49) | 228, 231, 158, 152, 189, 169, 287, 292, 141, 153 | 200.00 | |
| Digital Electronics (S-40) | 115, 146, 128, 149, 127, 99, 75, 84, 108 | 114.56 | |
| Electronics Network (S-39) | 132, 153, 177, 108, 172, 160, 142 | 149.14 | |

| Location | Illumination Level | Average Illumination |
|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| HOD (Electronics) | 227, 231, 209, 205, 177, 158, 208 | 202.14 |
| S-21 Seminar hall (ETC Dept.) | 318, 280, 360, 352, 344, 323, 280, 274 | 316.38 |
| S-58 PC Lab (ETC Dept) | 177, 159, 112, 92, 142, 124, 90 | 128.00 |
| S1A-Audio & video lab | 85, 151, 130, 153, 146, 131, 143, 137 | 134.50 |
| G-39 Digital Library | 224, 222, 205, 61, 58, 102, 109, 85 | 133.25 |
| G-39B Periodical section | 89, 169, 167, 153, 159 | 147.4 |
| G-42 Library area top (reading room) | 145, 261, 263, 176, 253, 274, 205, 192, 155, 287, 210, 179, 240, 166, 252 | 217.20 |
| Periodical section | 204, 150, 159, 145 | 164.50 |
| T-10 Drawing hall | 150, 139, 120, 158, 183, 163, 215, 190 | 164.75 |
| Software Lab (F17) | 261, 264, 285, 223, 228, 225 | 247.67 |
| PG Lab -2 (F16) | 209, 204, 170, 146, 102,107 | 156.33 |
| Seminar Hall IT (F54) | 54, 48, 144, 256, 528, 328, 428, 440, 480, 271, 315, 415 | 308.92 |
| Meeting Hall | 130, 113, 123, 118, 137, 134, 151, 156 | 132.75 |
| Faculty room(F49) | 243, 240, 237, 162, 176, 173, 181, 189 | 200.125 |
| HOD Office (F48) | | 316 |

| Location | Illumination Level | Average Illumination |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------|
| | 286, 245, 476, 122, 164, 420, 426, 389 | |
| Computer Graphics (F47) | 138, 147, 136, 158, 173, 153, 151, 249 | 163.125 |
| Internet Lab (F46) | 104, 134, 116, 209, 207 | 154 |
| Software Lab (F44) | 90, 92, 123, 127, 203, 186, 173, 181 | 146.875 |

Recommendations:

Recommended to apply sun film to window glasses to reduce heat gain and keep curtain open for maximum utilisation of natural resources to meet illumination and ventilation requirement to

1.12: Energy Efficiency improvement initiatives :

- ➤ Use of LED light fixtures in all new installations
- > Replacement of conventional light by LED where hours of use is higher
- ➤ Use of 3 star Air conditioners.
- Campus ground water distribution by gravity

1.13: Harnessing Of renewable Energy:

5KW wind generator and 400KWp roof top solar PV system is installed to harness renewable energy with net metering facility. Total annual generation from installed SPV system will be around 480000.00 Units .% Energy harnessed through roof top solar PV system is more than 50% of Electricity consumption of campus .Annual average Energy consumption of campus before COVID 19 was 813720 KWH units .Maximum harnessing of renewable energy and its local use helps to reduce fossil fuel consumption as overall cascaded efficiency of power system is 25% .Generation of 480000 KWH units through roof top solar PV system is equivalent to generation of 1920000KWH units in central generation plant .Installation of solar roof top PV system helped to reduce carbon foot print by more than 50% .

Recommendations:

Carry out cleaning of Solar PV panels on regular basis to maintain Efficiency of SPV system









1.14:Energy substitution Initiatives:

Out of various principles of Energy management Energy and Fuel substitution are important principles .Solar water heating systems are installed at Boys and girls Hostel to meet Hot water requirement a step towards Energy substitution .

Recommendations:

Recommended to carry out cleaning of heat transfer surfaces regularly to maintain Efficiency of solar hot water generation system

Provide Heat pump as a back up during rainy season and part of winter in girl's hostel inplace of instant geysers provided as a back up.







Energy Bill Analysis:

Sanctioned contract demand – 415KVA, 55% OF sanctioned contract demand: 228.25KVA

| Month | Recorded MD in KVA | Recorded Avg. P.F. | Billed MD in KVA | Calculated actual Demand in KVA considering P.F. As One | Difference in billed MD and actual MD at unity Power factor | KVA @Rs XXXX From Bill Data | Reduction in MD charges in Rs | Monthly KWH consumption | Monthly KVAH consumption |
|--------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Nov-19 | 179 | 0.994 | 208 | 177.93 | 30.07 | 391 | 11758.93 | 69058 | 69350 |
| Dec-19 | 220 | 0.990 | 221 | 217.80 | 3.20 | 391 | 1251.20 | 71575 | 71755 |
| Jan-20 | 219 | 0.986 | 219 | 215.93 | 3.07 | 391 | 1198.81 | 66925 | 67240 |
| Feb-20 | 207 | 0.980 | 208 | 202.86 | 5.14 | 391 | 2009.74 | 63682 | 63750 |
| Apr-20 | 94 | 0.999 | 228 | 93.91 | 134.09 | 411 | 55112.63 | 7607 | 7615 |
| May-20 | 96 | 0.978 | 228 | 93.89 | 134.11 | 411 | 55120.03 | 8087 | 10878 |
| Jun-20 | 105 | 0.916 | 228 | 96.18 | 131.82 | 411 | 54178.02 | 6837 | 7464 |
| Jul-20 | 89 | 0.921 | 228 | 81.97 | 146.03 | 411 | 60018.74 | 6946 | 7542 |
| Aug-20 | 88 | 0.908 | 228 | 79.90 | 148.10 | 411 | 60867.46 | 7004 | 7714 |
| Sep-20 | 101 | 0.922 | 228 | 93.12 | 134.88 | 411 | 55434.86 | 7845 | 8509 |
| Oct-20 | 95 | 0.939 | 228 | 89.21 | 138.80 | 411 | 57044.75 | 8422 | 8969 |
| Nov-20 | 92 | 0.893 | 228 | 82.16 | 145.84 | 411 | 59941.88 | 7600 | 8511 |
| | | | | Total | | | | 3,31,588 | 3,39,297 |



1.15:Transportation:

Institute campus is well connected by public transportation system as it is near Nashik pune Highway .Maximum students stay in Hostel and faculties in staff quarters which helps in minimisation of use of buses and its impact on Environmental pollution .Pedestrian access is all services are provided .

1.16:Paper, News print and cardboard:

Around 700 rims per year are required for stationary .All the waste papers of students files is reused for administrative purpose .Waste papers are send for recycling though local vendors in town .One side stationary use policy is adapted by institution which resulted into substantial reduction in stationary procurement for administrative purpose .

1.17: Noise Pollution:

Educational Campus is located reasonable away from Pune Nashik High way, Car parking, Two wheeler Parking and Sugar Industry. Sample basis noise level measurement were carried out was observed less than 90 Db.

1.18: Heat island effect:

Methods adapted to reduce heat island effect in institute campus:

- Provision of shady trees
- > Ground cover in the farm of plantation, lawns, landscape
- > Use of light colour materials on external surfaces to reflect heat and light
- Pervious surfaces for percolation of water into soil

1.20:Indoor Air Quality:

Indoor Air quality is good.

2.00:Summary of observations:

- ➤ Institution has initiated and adapted all major green initiatives summarised below :
- > Rain water harvesting, water management, conservation, recycle and reuse
- > Soil conservation '
- Plantation of adequate number of trees, landscape and lawn area.
- Maximum utilisation of day light and natural ventilation in indoor places
- Waste collection, recycle and reuse.
- > Energy conservation initiatives
- E waste management.
- Energy substitution by use of solar water heaters in place of Electrical heaters
- > Fuel substitution by use of biogas to substitute LPG
- Ground water campus distribution by gravity
- ➤ Installation of 400KWp grid interactive SPV system and 5KW wind generator which is meeting more than 50% of Electricity consumption of institute facilities .
- > Reuse of students submission single side papers for administrative use
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Recommended Energy conservation measures as per Energy Audit Report to improve Energy efficiency and reduce energy intensity .



Company DR.B.E.KUSHARE AND

ASSOCIATES

FLAT NO: G1 AND G2, SHREE B. D. WAGH CO. OPERATIVE

HOUSING SOCIETY.

SWAMINARAYAN NAGAR

NASHIK

Tester:

MANGESH VIKHARANKAR

Phone: 9420906281

E-Mail: kusharebe1234@gmail.com

Device testo 871 Serial No.: 61707041

Lens: $35^{\circ} \times 26^{\circ}$

Customer AMRUTVAHINI COLLEGE OF

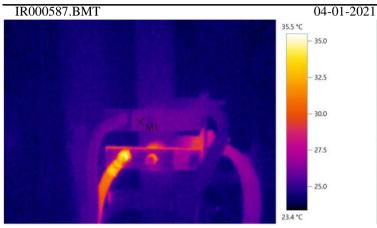
ENGINNERING

Near Pune Nashik Highway Ahmadnagar, Sangamner, Maharashtra-422608



LOCATION: MAIN LT PANEL FEEDER-STAFF QUARTER SWITHGEAR

File: Date: Time:





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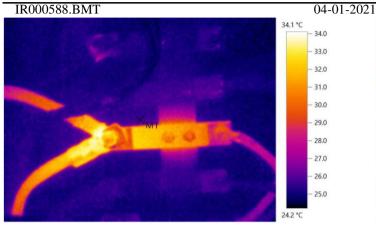
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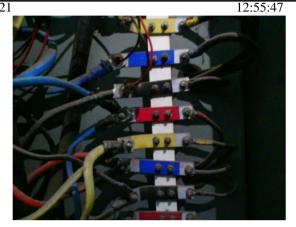
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LOCATION: MAIN LT PANEL FEEDER-CIVIL BULIDING

File: Date: Time:





Picture parameters:

Emissivity: 0.95 **Refl. temp.** [°C]: 20.0

Picture markings:

| Measurement Objects | Temp. [°C] | Emiss. | Refl. temp. [°C] | Remarks |
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| Measure point 1 | 25.6 | 0.95 | 20.0 | CenterSpot |

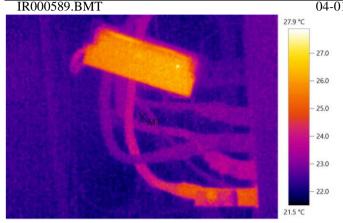
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LOCATION: CIVIL+ELECTRICAL+SCIENCE PANEL INCOMER

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 Date:
 Time:

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Picture parameters:

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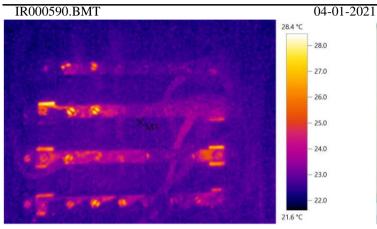
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|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------|
| Measure point 1 | 22.5 | 0.95 | 20.0 | CenterSpot |

Remarks:



LOCATION: COMPUTER+LIBRARY ELECTRONICS BUSBAR CHAMBER

File: Date: Time:





Picture parameters:

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Picture markings:

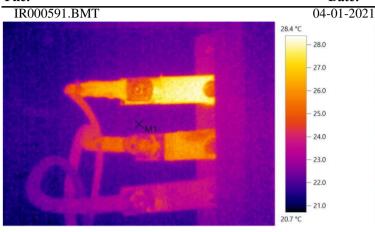
| Measurement Objects | Temp. [°C] | Emiss. | Refl. temp. [°C] | Remarks |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------|
| Measure point 1 | 22.5 | 0.95 | 20.0 | CenterSpot |

Remarks:



LOCATION: TPO+ PRINICIPAL ADMINISTRATION OFFICE PANEL INCOMER

File: Date: Time:





Picture parameters:

Emissivity: 0.95 **Refl. temp.** [°C]: 20.0

Picture markings:

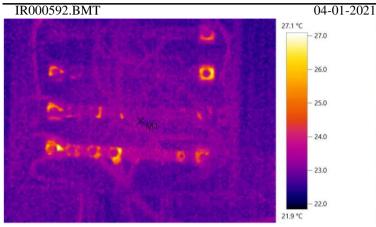
| Measurement Objects | Temp. [°C] | Emiss. | Refl. temp. [°C] | Remarks |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------|
| Measure point 1 | 22.4 | 0.95 | 20.0 | CenterSpot |

Remarks:



LOCATION: IT OLD & NEW BUSBAR CHAMBER

File: Date: Time:





Picture parameters:

Emissivity: 0.95 **Refl. temp.** [°C]: 20.0

Picture markings:

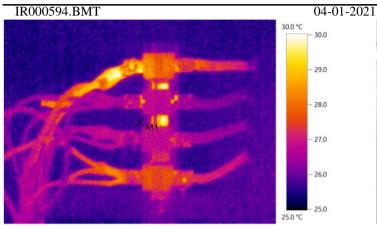
| Measurement Objects | Temp. [°C] | Emiss. | Refl. temp. [°C] | Remarks |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------|
| Measure point 1 | 22.9 | 0.95 | 20.0 | CenterSpot |

Remarks:



LOCATION: DIPLOMA MAIN POWER CONTROL PANEL INCOMER

File: Date: Time:





Picture parameters:

Emissivity: 0.95 **Refl. temp.** [°C]: 20.0

Picture markings:

| Measurement Objects | Temp. [°C] | Emiss. | Refl. temp. [°C] | Remarks |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------------|------------|
| Measure point 1 | 25.4 | 0.95 | 20.0 | CenterSpot |

Remarks: